

# Fact Sheet: How to Compute



# Rates of Pay



## Background

Hourly and biweekly rates for General Schedule employees are computed under 5 U.S.C. 5504. Premium pay is computed under 5 U.S.C. chapter 55, subchapter V, and 5 CFR part 550, subpart A. The rates are computed based on an employee's annual rate of basic pay, including any applicable special rate supplement or locality payment. (Note: Overtime pay for nonexempt employees is computed under the Fair Labor Standards Act, subject to some special rules for Federal employees. See 5 CFR part 551. In addition, firefighters covered by 5 U.S.C. 5545b are subject to special rules for computing hourly rates and overtime pay. See 5 CFR part 550, subpart M.)

## Procedure

Follow the rules below to compute rates of pay. (Note: The examples below are based on annual rates that have been increased by a locality pay percentage of **32.49%**. See [Salary Table 2023-DCB](#).)



### 1. Hourly Rate.

Divide annual rate of basic pay by 2,087 hours.

GS-9, step 1 = \$ 64,957.

$\$ 64,957 / 2,087 \text{ hours} = \$ 31.12.$

### 2. Biweekly Rate.

Multiply hourly rate of basic pay by 80 hours.

$\$ 31.12 \times 80 \text{ hours} = \$ 2,489.60.$



### 3. Title 5 Overtime Hourly Rate

- a. **if employee's rate of basic pay is less than rate of basic pay for GS-10, step 1**

Multiply hourly rate of basic pay by 1.5.

$$\text{\$ } 31.12 \times 1.5 = \text{\$ } 46.68.$$

- b. **if employee's rate of basic pay is more than rate of basic pay for GS-10, step 1**

Use the greater of (1) the GS-10, step 1, hourly rate of basic pay multiplied by 1.5 OR (2) the employee's hourly rate of basic pay. (5 CFR 550.113)

$$\text{GS-10, step 1} = \text{\$ } 71,531.$$

$$\text{\$ } 71,531 / 2,087 \text{ hours} = \text{\$ } 34.27. \quad \text{\$ } 34.27 \times 1.5 = \text{\$ } 51.41.$$



$$\text{GS-14, step 1} = \text{\$ } 132,368. \quad \text{\$ } 132,368 / 2,087 \text{ hours} = \text{\$ } 63.43.$$

In this example, the employee's hourly rate of basic pay (\$63.43) is greater than the GS-10, step 1, hourly rate of basic pay multiplied by 1.5 (\$51.41). Therefore, the employee's title 5 overtime hourly rate is equal to his or her hourly rate of basic pay.



### 4. Night Pay.

Multiply hourly rate of basic pay by 10%. (5 CFR 550.121)

$$\text{GS-9, step 1} = \text{\$ } 64,957.$$

$$\text{\$ } 64,957 / 2,087 \text{ hours} = \text{\$ } 31.12.$$

$$\text{\$ } 31.12 \times 0.10 = \text{\$ } 3.11.$$



**5. Weekend Premium Pay.**

Multiply hourly rate of basic pay by 25%. (5 CFR 550.171)  
 $\$ 31.12 \times 0.25 = \$ 7.78.$



**6. Holiday Premium Pay.**

Multiply hourly rate of basic pay by number of non overtime hours worked on holiday (not to exceed 8 hours or the number of non overtime hours of a compressed work schedule). (5 CFR 550.131 and 5 CFR 610.407)  
 $\$ 31.12 \times 8 \text{ hours} = \$ 248.96$